

# NEWHAM PRIMARY SCHOOL

# Asthma Policy

#### **PURPOSE**

To ensure that Newham Primary School (NPS) appropriately supports students diagnosed with asthma.

#### **OBJECTIVE**

To explain to NPS parents/carers, staff and students the processes and procedures in place to support students diagnosed with asthma.

#### **SCOPE**

This policy applies to:

- all staff, including causal relief staff, contractors and volunteers
- all students who have been diagnosed with asthma or who may require emergency treatment for asthma and their parents/carers.

#### **POLICY**

#### **Asthma**

Asthma is a long term lung condition. People with asthma have sensitive airways in their lungs which react to triggers, causing a 'flare-up'. In a flare-up, the muscles around the airway squeeze tight, the airways swell and become narrow and there is more mucus. This makes it hard to breathe. An asthma flare-up can come on slowly (over hours, days or even weeks) or very quickly (over minutes). A sudden or severe asthma flare-up is sometimes called an asthma attack.

#### Symptoms

Symptoms of asthma can vary over time and often vary from person to person. The most common asthma symptoms are:

- breathlessness
- wheezing (a whistling noise from the chest)
- tight feeling in the chest
- persistent cough

Symptoms often occur at night, early in the morning or during/just after physical activity. If asthma is well controlled, a person should only have occasional asthma symptoms.

#### Triggers

A trigger is something that sets off or starts asthma symptoms. Everyone with asthma has different triggers. For most people with asthma, triggers are only a problem when asthma is not well controlled with medication. Common asthma triggers include:

- exercise
- smoke (cigarette smoke, wood smoke from open fires, burn-offs or bushfires)
- colds/flu
- weather changes such as thunderstorms and cold, dry air

- house dust mites
- pollens
- chemicals such as household cleaning products
- food chemicals/additives
- laughter or emotions, such as stress

- moulds
- animals such as cats and dogs
- deodorants (including perfumes, aftershaves, hair spray and aerosol deodorant sprays)
- certain medications (including aspirin and anti-inflammatories)

## Asthma management

If a student diagnosed with asthma enrols at NPS:

- 1. Parents/carers must provide the school with an Asthma Action Plan which has been completed by the student's medical practitioner. The plan must outline:
  - the prescribed medication taken by the student and when it is to be administered, for example as a pre-medication to exercise or on a regular basis
  - emergency contact details
  - the contact details of the student's medical practitioner
  - the student's known triggers
  - the emergency procedures to be taken in the event of an asthma flare-up or attack.
- 2. Parents/carers should also provide a photo of the student to be included as part of the student's Asthma Action Plan.
- 3. NPS will keep all Asthma Action Plans:
  - In the first aid room
- 4. School staff may also work with parents/carers to develop a Student Health Support Plan which will include details on:
  - how the school will provide support for the student
  - identify specific strategies
  - allocate staff to assist the student
- 5. If a student diagnosed with asthma is going to attend a school camp or excursion, NPS parents/carers are required to provide any updated medical information.
- 6. If a student's asthma condition or treatment requirements change, parent/carers must notify the school and provide an updated Asthma Action Plan.
- 7. School staff will work with parents/carers to review Asthma Action Plans (and Student Health Support Plans) once a year (at the beginning of each school year).

#### Student asthma kit

All students diagnosed with asthma are required to have a student asthma kit at school which contains:

- their own prescribed reliever medication labelled with the student's name
- their spacer (if they use one)

Student asthma kits will be stored in the student medication pockets in the first aid room. Some students (usually upper primary students) carry their reliever medication on their person.

#### Asthma emergency response plan

#### If a student is:

- having an asthma attack
- difficulty breathing for an unknown cause, even if they are not known to have asthma

School staff will endeavour to follow the Asthma First Aid procedures outlined in the table below. School staff may contact Triple Zero "000" at any time.

Step	Action					
1.	Sit the person upright  • Be calm and reassuring					
	Do not leave them alone					
	<ul> <li>Seek assistance from another staff member or reliable student to locate the student's reliever, the Asthma Emergency Kit and the student's Asthma Action Plan (if available).</li> </ul>					
	• If the student's action plan is not immediately available, use the Asthma First Aid as described in Steps 2 to 5.					
2.	Give 4 separate puffs of blue or blue/grey reliever puffer:					
	Shake the puffer					
	Use a spacer if you have one					
	Put 1 puff into the spacer					
	Take 4 breaths from the spacer					
	Remember – Shake, 1 puff, 4 breaths					
3.	Wait 4 minutes					
	If there is no improvement, give 4 more separate puffs of blue/grey reliever as					
	above					
	(or give 1 more dose of Bricanyl or Symbiocort inhaler)					
4.	If there is still no improvement call Triple Zero "000" and ask for an ambulance.					
	Tell the operator the student is having an asthma attack					
	Keep giving 4 separate puffs every 4 minutes until emergency assistance arrives					
	(or 1 dose of Bricanyl or Symbicort every 4 minutes – up to 3 doses of Symbicort)					
5.	If asthma is relieved after administering Asthma First Aid, stop the treatment and					
	observe the student. Notify the student's emergency contact person and record the					
	incident.					

Staff will call Triple Zero "000" immediately if:

- the person is not breathing
- if the person's asthma suddenly becomes worse or is not improving
- if the person is having an asthma attack and a reliever is not available
- if they are not sure if it is asthma
- if the person is known to have anaphylaxis

# Training for staff

NPS will arrange the following asthma management training for staff:

Staff	Completed by	Course	Provider	Cost	Valid for
Group 1 General Staff	School staff with a direct teaching role with students affected by asthma or other school staff directed by the principal after conducting a risk assessment.	Asthma first aid management for education staff (non-accredited) One hour face-to-face or online training.	Asthma Australia	Free to all schools	3 years
Group 2 Specific Staff	Staff working with high risk children with a history of severe asthma, or with direct student wellbeing responsibility, (including nurses,	Course in Management of Asthma Risks and Emergencies in the Workplace	Any RTO that has this course in their scope of practice	Paid by NPS	3 years

	PE/sport teachers, first	22282VIC		
	aid and school staff attending camp)	(accredited)		
		OR		
		Course in		
		Emergency		
		Asthma		
		Management		
		10392NAT		
		(accredited)		

NPS will also provide this policy to casual relief staff and volunteers who will be working with students, and may also provide a briefing if the principal deems it is necessary depending on the nature of the work being performed.

#### Asthma Emergency Kit

NPS will provide and maintain at least two Asthma Emergency Kits. One kit will be kept on school premises in the first aid area and one will be a mobile kit for activities such as:

camps and excursions.

The Asthma Emergency Kit will contain:

- at least 1 blue or blue/grey reliever medication such as Airomir, Asmol or Ventolin
- at least 2 spacer devices (for single person use only) to assist with effective inhalation of the blue or blue/grey reliever medication (NPS will ensure spacers are available as replacements). Spacers will be stored in a dust proof container.
- clear written instructions on Asthma First Aid, including:
  - o how to use the medication and spacer devices
  - steps to be taken in treating an asthma attack
- A record sheet/log for recording the details of an asthma first aid incident, such as the number of puffs administered.

Admin Staff will monitor and maintain the Asthma Emergency Kits. They will:

- ensure all contents are maintained and replaced where necessary
- regularly check the expiry date on the canisters of the blue or blue/grey reliever puffers and place them if they have expired or a low on doses
- replace spacers in the Kits after each use (spacers are single-person use only)
- dispose of any previously used spacers.

The blue or blue/grey reliever medication in the Asthma Emergency Kits may be used by more than one student as long as they are used with a spacer. If the devices come into contact with someone's mouth, they will not be used again and will be replaced.

After each use of a blue or blue/grey reliever (with a spacer):

- remove the metal canister from the puffer (do not wash the canister)
- wash the plastic casing
- rinse the mouthpiece through the top and bottom under running water for at least 30 seconds
- wash the mouthpiece cover
- air dry then reassemble
- test the puffer to make sure no water remains in it, then return to the Asthma Emergency Kit.

### Management of confidential medical information

Confidential medical information provided to NPS to support a student diagnosed with asthma will be:

- recorded on the student's file
- shared with all relevant staff so that they are able to properly support students diagnosed with asthma and respond appropriately if necessary.

#### Communication plan

This policy will be available on the NPS website so that parents and other members of the school community can easily access information about our asthma management procedures.

# **Epidemic Thunderstorm Asthma**

NPS will be prepared to act on the warnings and advice from the Department of Education and Training when the risk of epidemic thunderstorm asthma is forecast as high.

#### **FURTHER INFORMATION AND RESOURCES**

- Asthma Australia: Resources for schools
- School Policy and Advisory Guide:
  - o Asthma
  - o Asthma Attacks: Treatment
  - o Asthma Emergency Kits
- NPS First Aid & Health Care Needs Policies

#### **REVIEW CYCLE AND EVALUATION**

For noting, does not require school council approval.

Asthma Policy					
Version	Date	Date Noted at	Revisions Made	Leader of	Next
	Created	School Council		Policy	Policy
		(if required)			Review
1	June 2018	To be tabled (does not require School Council approval)		Stuart Telford	(2019) Annually
2	June 2019	17/6/2019	No changes	Simone Wood	June 2020
3	May 2020	June 2020	References to Asthma Care Plan changed to Asthma Action Plan. References to Asthma Foundation of Victoria changed to Asthma Australia.	Simone Wood	June 2021